

# Constructing Kirq, software for set-theoretic social research: A software development travelogue

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# Overview

- Introduction to QCA
- History of QCA software
- First (mis-)steps in developing Kirq: the fsQCA package for R
- Use cases and design goals for acq and Kirq
- Python's role in meeting these design goals
- Lessons learned: Using Python for academic software projects

# What is Qualitative Comparative Analysis?

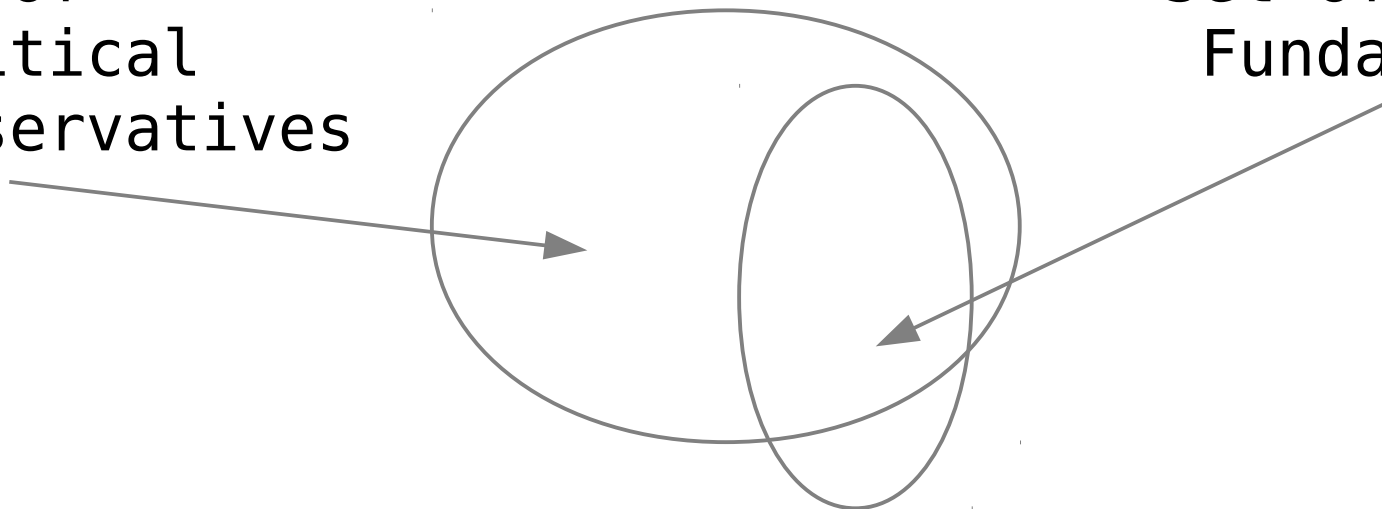
- A method of conducting social research by analyzing subset relationships, using Boolean algebra

# What is Qualitative Comparative Analysis?

- A method of conducting social research by analyzing subset relationships, using Boolean algebra
- Example: Religious fundamentalists tend to be politically conservative.

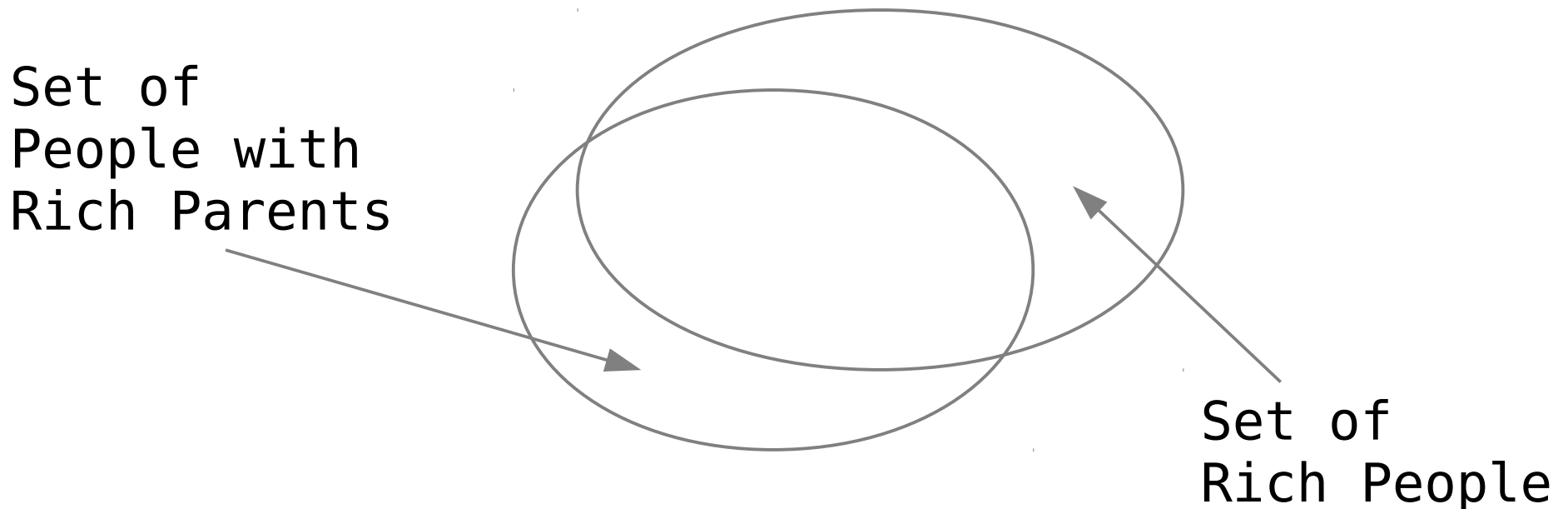
Set of  
Political  
Conservatives

Set of Religious  
Fundamentalists



# What is Qualitative Comparative Analysis?

- A method of conducting social research by analyzing subset relationships, using Boolean algebra
- Example: Wealthy individuals tend to come from privileged families.

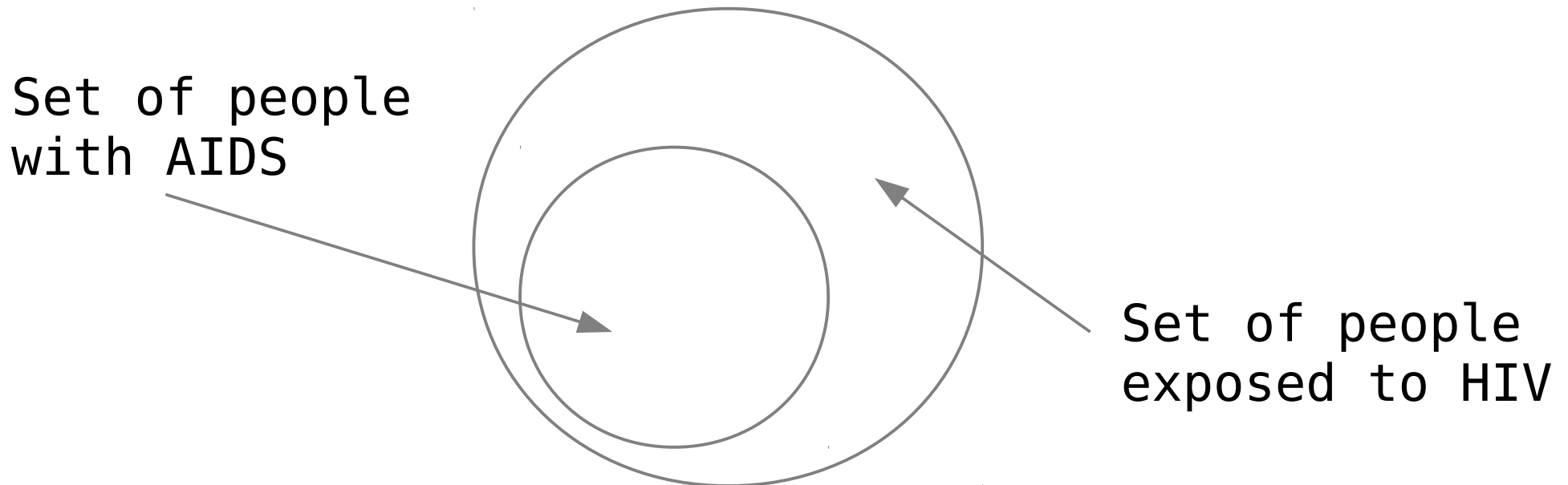


# What is Qualitative Comparative Analysis?

- Particularly concerned with two types of causal relationships: necessary conditions and sufficient conditions

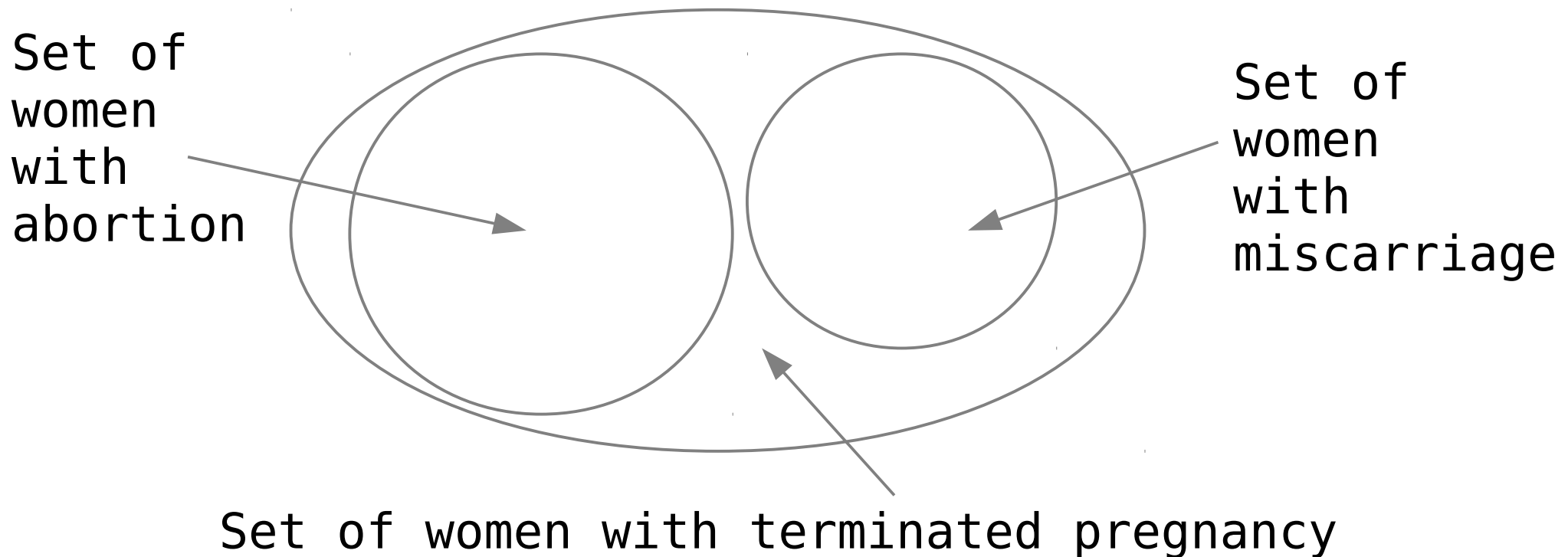
# What is Qualitative Comparative Analysis?

- Necessary condition: cause must be present for outcome to occur
- Example: Must be exposed to HIV to contract AIDS



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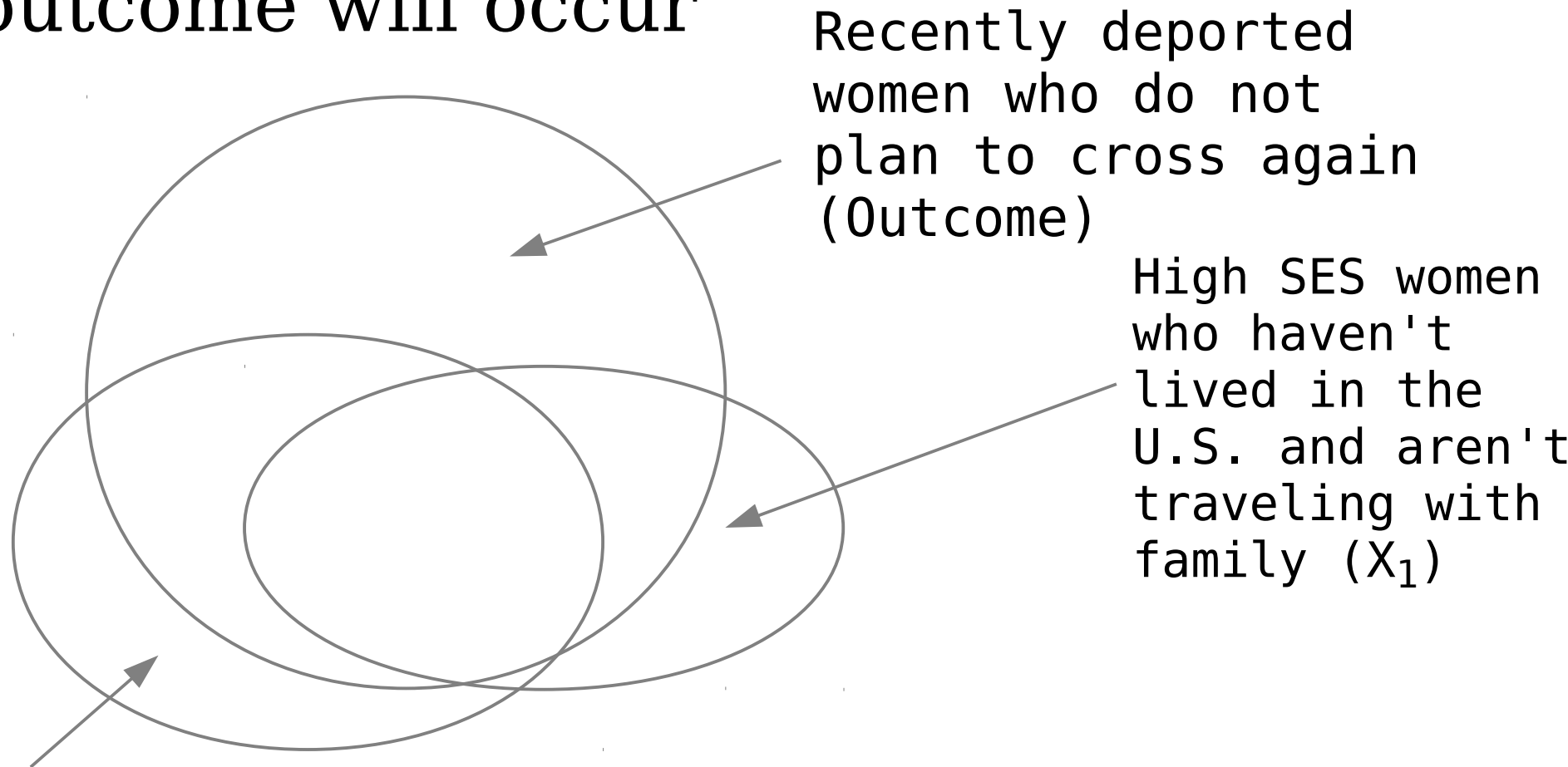
- Sufficient condition: if cause occurs, outcome will occur
- Example: Abortion *or* miscarriage will terminate pregnancy





# What is Qualitative Comparative Analysis?

- Sufficient condition: if cause occurs, outcome will occur



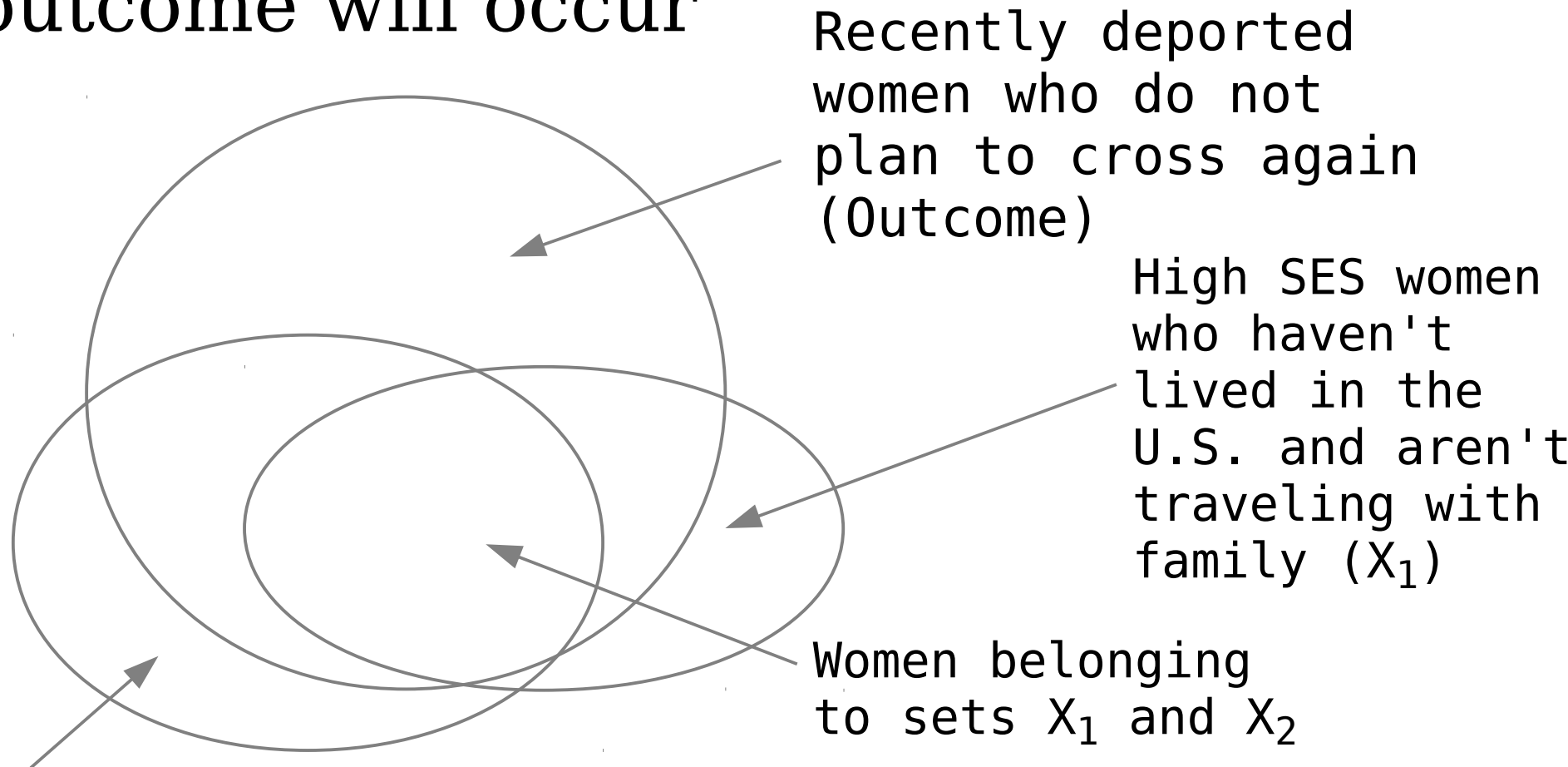
Recently deported women who do not plan to cross again (Outcome)

High SES women who haven't lived in the U.S. and aren't traveling with family (X<sub>1</sub>)

High SES women who haven't lived in the U.S., have only attempted cross a few times and felt that their last crossing experience was very dangerous (X<sub>2</sub>)

# What is Qualitative Comparative Analysis?

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# What is Qualitative Comparative Analysis?

- Challenges conventional statistical analysis, which is based upon a linear-additive model
- Complements other set-theoretic research methods (e.g., SNA and QNA)
- Does not depend upon degrees of freedom, so is useful for small-, medium-, and large-N studies
- Encourages research process that is “retroductive” and “case-oriented”

# What is Qualitative Comparative Analysis?

## Example: Brown and Boswell (1995)

Truth Table with Contradiction (from Table 4 of Brown and Boswell 1995)

Recent Black Migrants	Weak Union	Black Strikebreaking	Observations
T	T	T	East Chicago, Pittsburgh, Youngstown
T	F	Con	Buffalo, Chicago, Gary, Johnstown, [Cleveland]
F	T	F	Bethlehem, Joliet, McKeesport, Milwaukee, New Castle, Reading
F	F	F	Decatur, Wheeling

# What is Qualitative Comparative Analysis?

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Revised Truth Table without Contradiction (from Table 5 of Brown and Boswell 1995)

Recent Black Migration	Weak Union	Local Govt Repression	Black Strikebreaking	Observations
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T	T	F	—	
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T	F	F	F	Cleveland
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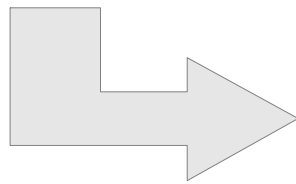
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RBM \* WU \* LGR +

RBM \* ~WU \* LGR

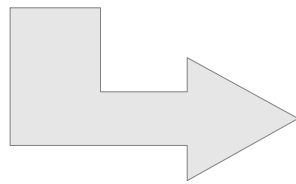
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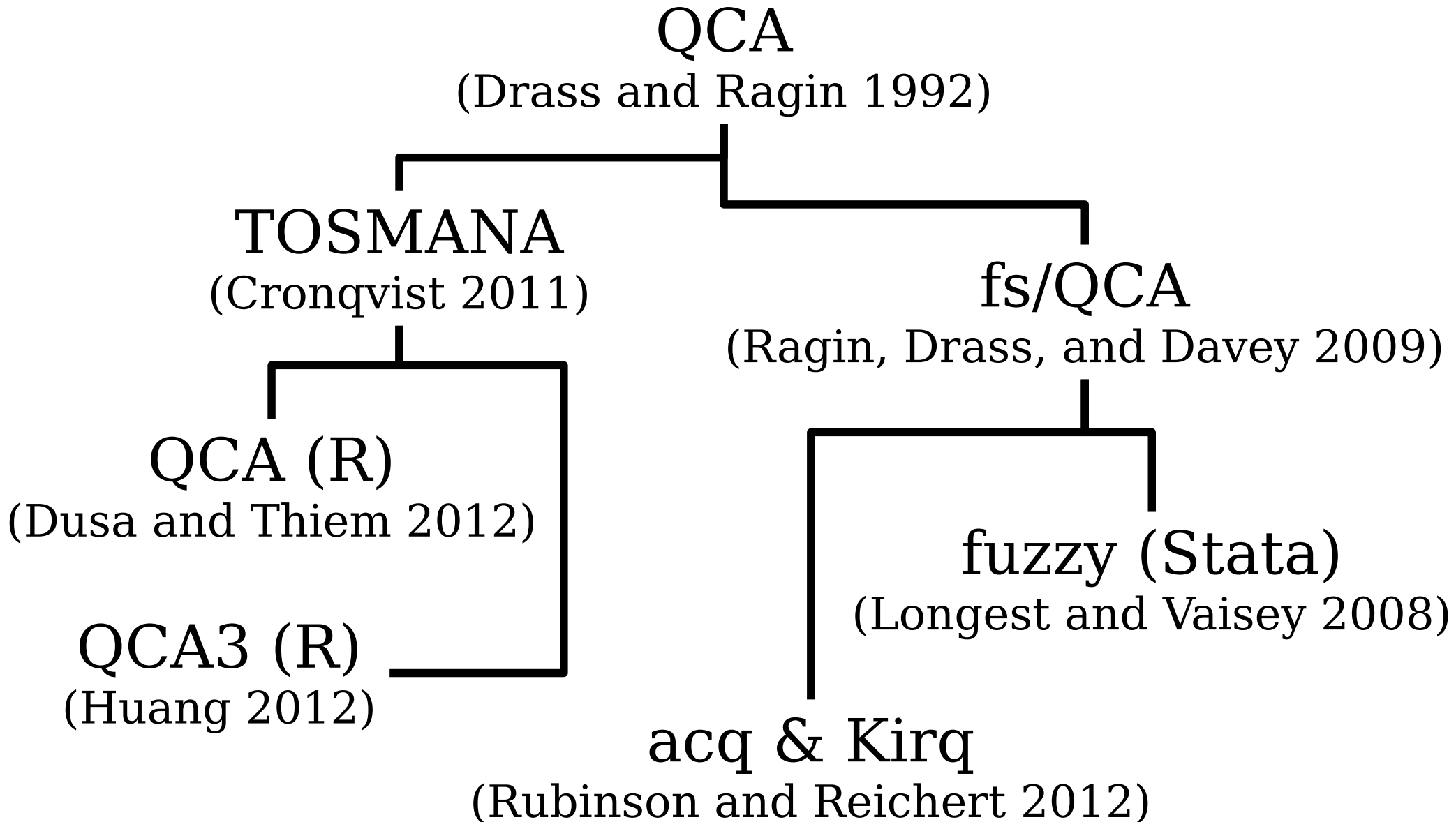
RBM \* LGR = Black Strikebreaking



# Technical and Usability Challenges

- QCA algorithms are:
  - NP-hard (no exact algebraic solution)
  - $O(2^N)$  complexity, where  $N$  indicates the number of variables (not observations) in the data set
- Because data sets tend to be small and matrix algebra isn't used, no use for NumPy
- How to maintain and encourage retroductive, case-oriented research process?
- How to make software that's efficient, useful, and usable?

# Lineage of QCA Software



“Plan to throw one away;  
you will, anyhow”

- fsQCA module for R
  - Cross-platform, but requires R
  - Not user-friendly
  - Too slow
  - R programming “considered harmful”
  - But: allowed me to realize that the user interface should be task-oriented

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# Use Cases for acq and Kirq

- acq: QCA at the Unix commandline
  - a “scratch my own itch” project
- Kirq: QCA for everybody else
  - a user-friendly, crossplatform GUI program



# Design Goals for acq and Kirq

- Software that is efficient, useful, and usable:
  - Conform to the Unix philosophy
  - Good “out of the box” performance, plus ability to optimize performance
  - Support and encourage good QCA research practices
  - Kirq should be crossplatform and user-friendly
- Also important: Avoid sucking up all of my time

# Why Python?

- The surrounding ecosystem
  - Ability to hire others
  - Confidence that the supporting environments is stable and will continue to be maintained
  - Python is *lingua franca* in academia
  - Rich environment for GUI toolkits, installers, etc.
  - Chose Qt for GUI toolkit and PyInstaller for installer

## Design Goal: Avoiding a time sink

- Relatively easy to recruit and hire good programmers
- Easy to mix procedural and OOP programming
- Official online documentation remains top notch
- The core Python language remains relatively compact
  - but not the standard library, and certainly not the surrounding environment (PyPI, etc)

# Design Goal: Conform to the Unix Philosophy

- Build a prototypes as soon as possible
- Small is beautiful/do one thing well
  - acq's GUI scripts: gtt and concov
  - have resisted adding a data editor to Kirq
  - decided to offload Kirq's visualizations
- Make every program a filter
  - Because Kirq can read data from the commandline, it's easy for other programs to call out to it

Design Goal: Good “out of the box” performance and ability to optimize

- acq had fewer lines of code than fsQCA for R module, and was faster
  - compare to QCA module for R
- Good tools for profiling
- Some standard, well documented practices for improving performance, although Python optimization often requires expertise
- Promise of projects such as PyPy

# Design Goal: Support and encourage good QCA research practices

- Less concern for performance means more attention to user-interface issues
- Writing acq as Unix shell scripts helped me streamline the QCA analysis; both acq and Kirq make it easy to modify and rerun analyses
- Have designed Kirq to facilitate interrogation and comparisons of solutions
- Lots of GUI niceties, such as tooltips and pop-out windows
- Importance of “eating your own dogfood”

Design Goal: Kirq should be cross-platform and user-friendly

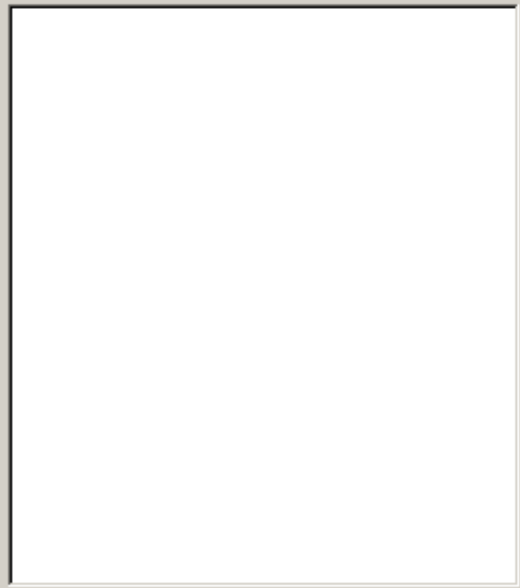
- Standardized on Python 2.7, for PyQt
- Only minor compatibility issues with PyQt bindings and OSX, and none with Windows - Kirq always feels native
- Could never build Qt for OSX; used MacPorts instead (slow, but works well)
- PyInstaller works really well, but needed to use development branch for OSX (dev branch is now stable)
- Session history is Kirq's killer feature

Outcome

M

City	<input type="checkbox"/> M	<input type="checkbox"/> U	<input type="checkbox"/> R	<input type="checkbox"/> Y
Bethlehem	0	1	1	0
Buffalo	1	0	1	1
Chicago	1	0	1	1
Cleveland	1	0	0	0
Decatur	0	0	1	0
East_Chicago	1	1	1	1
Gary	1	0	1	1
Johnstown	1	0	1	1
Joliet	0	1	1	0
McKeesport	0	1	1	0
Milwaukee	0	1	0	0
New_Castle	0	1	1	0
Pittsburgh	1	1	1	1
Reading	0	1	1	0
Wheeling	0	0	0	0
Youngstown	1	1	1	1

Session:



Necessity Sufficiency

Frequency Threshold Simplification

1

2

Consistency Threshold

0.90

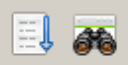
Proportion Threshold

1.00

TruthTable

Reduce





Row	M	U	N	Consist	Outcome	ObsConsist	ObsInconsist
1	True	True	3	1.00	True	East_Chicag...	-
2	True	False	5	0.80	Con	Buffalo;Chica...	Cleveland
3	False	True	6	0.00	Con	-	Bethlehem;Joliet;McKeesport;Milwauk...
4	False	False	2	0.00	Imp	-	Decatur;Wheeling

- Con
- True
- False
- Imp
- Rem

Session: [dropdown]

[-] brownbos95/Y  
... gtt suf 1

Necessity | Sufficiency

Frequency Threshold: [1] Simplification: [2]

Consistency Threshold: [0.90]

Proportion Threshold: [1.00]

TruthTable Reduce



Term	Consist	RawCov	UniqCov	ObsConsist	ObsInconsist
M*R	1.00	1.00	1.00	Buffalo;Chica... - Buffalo Chicago Gary Johnstown East_Chicago Pittsburgh Youngstown	
Solution	1.00	1.00	NA	NA	NA

Session:

- [-] brownbos95/Y
  - [-] gtt\_suf\_1
- [-] brownbos95/Y
  - [-] gtt\_suf\_1
    - [-] concov\_suf\_2

Necessity Sufficiency

Frequency Threshold  Simplification

Consistency Threshold

Proportion Threshold

TruthTable Reduce

# Lessons Learned - Python's Advantages (for Academic Projects)

- Core language is relatively compact, with excellent documentation
- Relatively easy to find developers
- Strong, well-developed environment of GUI toolkits, installers, etc.
- Good performance out of the box, with ability to optimize if necessary

# Lessons Learned - Python's Disadvantages (for Academic Projects)

- Package distribution is a mess, as is associated documentation
- Churn in the standard library is too rapid to keep up with for a part-time developer
- Dead tree documentation is lousy
- Online signal-to-noise ratio is low
- Python community online is too insular; overly concerned with “idiomatic Python”